CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	I
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	7
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	8
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS	9
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	10
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	24
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	25
ENTERPRISE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	26
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY	27
FIVE YEAR SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	28

SIMMONS & WHEELER, P.C.

304 Inverness Way South, Suite 490, Englewood, CO 80112

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District II Douglas County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District II (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District II as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Simmons & Whale P.C.

Englewood, CO June 13, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Primary Government						
	 vernmental Activities	_	Business- Type Activities		Total		
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$ 121,134	\$	12,717	\$	133,851		
Cash and Restricted Investments	962,158		-		962,158		
Receivable - County Treasurer	5,695		-		5,695		
Prepaid Insurance	700		-		700		
Due from Other Districts	4,209		-		4,209		
Property Taxes Receivable	875,015		-		875,015		
Community Center, Pool and Equipment	 -		352,871		352,871		
Total Assets	1,968,911		365,588		2,334,499		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	12,058		-		12,058		
Directors' Fees Payable	400		-		400		
Bond Interest Payable	30,635		-		30,635		
Noncurrent Liabilities:	·						
Due Within One Year	330,000		-		330,000		
Due in More Than One Year	8,123,174		-		8,123,174		
Total Liabilities	 8,496,267		-		8,496,267		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Property Tax Revenue	875,015		-		875,015		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 875,015		-		875,015		
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	-		352,871		352,871		
Restricted for:			,		,		
Emergency Reserve	2,700		-		2,700		
Debt Service	862,600		-		862,600		
Capital Projects	5,773		-		5,773		
Conservation Trust	69,836		-		69,836		
Unrestricted	 (8,343,280)		12,717		(8,330,563)		
Total Net Position	\$ (7,402,371)	\$	365,588	\$	(7,036,783)		

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Program Revenu	es		evenues (Expense Changes Net Positic	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government	¢ 0.004	•	¢	<u>۴</u>	<u>۴</u> (۲۵.074)	<u>۴</u>	¢ (50.074)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	\$ 68,624 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ 15,750 	\$ (52,874) (331,083)	\$ - 	\$ (52,874) (331,083)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 399,707	\$-	<u> </u>	\$ 15,750	(383,957)	-	(383,957)
Business-Type Activities: Community Center and Pool	\$ 271,113	\$ 193,001	\$-	\$-		(78,112)	(78,112)
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 271,113	\$ 193,001	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	(78,112)	(78,112)
	GENERAL REV Property Taxes Specific Owne Net Investmen Total Gen	s rship Taxes			897,750 79,388 19,612 996,750	- - - -	897,750 79,388 19,612 996,750
	CHANGE IN NE	T POSITION			612,793	(78,112)	534,681
	Net Position - Be	eginning of Year			(8,015,164)	443,700	(7,571,464)
	NET POSITION	- END OF YEAR			\$ (7,402,371)	\$ 365,588	\$ (7,036,783)

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ACCETC		General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	\$	121,134	\$	_	\$	_	\$	121,134
Cash - Restricted	Ψ	2,700	Ψ	888,058	Ψ	71,400	Ψ	962,158
Receivable - County Treasurer Due from Other Districts		518		5,177		- 4,209		5,695 4,209
Prepaid Insurance		700		-		4,205		700
Property Taxes Receivable		79,547		795,468		-		875,015
Total Assets	\$	204,599	\$	1,688,703	\$	75,609	\$	1,968,911
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	12,058	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,058
Directors' Fees Payable Total Liabilities		400		-				400 12,458
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		,						
Property Tax Revenue		79,547		795,468		-		875,015
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		79,547		795,468		-		875,015
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:		700						700
Prepaid Expenses Restricted for:		700		-		-		700
Emergencies (TABOR)		2,700		-		-		2.700
Debt Service		_,		893,235		-		893,235
Conservation Trust		-		-		69,836		69,836
Assigned to:								
Subsequent Year's Expenditures		9,994		-				9,994
Capital Projects		-		-		5,773		5,773
Unassigned Total Fund Balances		99,200 112,594		- 893,235		- 75,609		99,200 1,081,438
		112,004		000,200		10,000		1,001,400
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	204,599	\$	1,688,703	\$	75,609		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the								
statement of net position are different because:								
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable,								
are not due and payable in the current period and,								
therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.								(7.005.000)
Bonds Payable Bond Bromium Payable								(7,895,000)
Bond Premium Payable Accrued Bond Interest Payable								(558,174) (30,635)
Australia Dona microst rayabic								(00,000)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (7,402,371)

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	(General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	81,614	\$ 816,136	\$ -	\$	897,750
Specific Ownership Taxes		7,217	72,171	-		79,388
Interest Income		592	19,020	-		19,612
Conservation Trust Entitlement			 	 15,750		15,750
Total Revenues		89,423	 907,327	 15,750		1,012,500
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		21,474	-	-		21,474
Audit		5,200	-	-		5,200
County Treasurer's Fees		1,225	12,249	-		13,474
Directors' Fees		800	-	-		800
District Management		8,165	-	-		8,165
Dues and Subscriptions		348	-	-		348
Election Expense		4,298	-	-		4,298
Insurance and Bonds		10,920	-	-		10,920
Legal Services		14,691	-	-		14,691
Miscellaneous		1,457	-	-		1,457
Payroll Taxes		46	-	-		46
Debt Service:						
Paying Agent Fees		-	3,500	-		3,500
Bond Interest		-	383,375	-		383,375
Bond Principal		-	 315,000	 -		315,000
Total Expenditures		68,624	 714,124	 -		782,748
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		20,799	193,203	15,750		229,752
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		91,795	 700,032	 59,859		851,686
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	112,594	\$ 893,235	\$ 75,609	\$	1,081,438

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 229,752
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows; Current Year Bond Principal	315,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued Interest on Bond - Change in Liability Amortization of Bond Premium	 1,313 66,728
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 612,793

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	a	Driginal nd Final Budget	Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$	81,614	\$ 81,614	\$	-
Specific Ownership Taxes		6,529	7,217		688
Interest Income		-	 592		592
Total Revenues		88,143	89,423		1,280
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Accounting		29,000	21,474		7,526
Auditing		5,500	5,200		300
County Treasurer's Fees		1,224	1,225		(1)
Directors' Fees		1,000	800		200
District Management		20,000	8,165		11,835
Dues and Subscriptions		600	348		252
Election Expense		10,000	4,298		5,702
Insurance and Bonds		13,500	10,920		2,580
Legal Services		15,000	14,691		309
Miscellaneous		1,000	1,457		(457)
Payroll Taxes		75	46		29
Contingency		4,101	-		4,101
Total Expenditures		101,000	 68,624		32,376
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(12,857)	20,799		33,656
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		88,358	 91,795		3,437
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	75,501	\$ 112,594	\$	37,093

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash - Insurance Escrow Account	\$ 12,717
Total Current Assets	12,717
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	
Community Center	333,953
HOA Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	18,918
Total Capital Assets	352,871
Total Assets	365,588
LIABILITIES Total Liabilities	
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	352,871
Unrestricted	12,717
Total Net Position	\$ 365,588

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES	
HOA Fees	\$ 192,991
Other Fee Income	10
Total Operating Revenues	193,001
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Chemicals	22,801
Depreciation	58,776
Management Contract	98,450
Miscellaneous	186
Pool Security	1,102
Electricity	7,859
Water	8,883
Pool Equipment	3,943
Payroll	45,398
Gas	9,229
Repairs and Maintenance	11,078
Storm Water	1,184
Telephone	2,224
Total Operating Expenses	271,113
OPERATING (LOSS)	(78,112)
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	443,700
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 365,588

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 193,001 (212,660) (19,659)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(19,659)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 32,376
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 12,717
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$ (78,112)
Depreciation Expense Decrease in Accounts Payable Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 58,776 (323) (19,659)

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District II (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, located entirely in the Town of Parker, Douglas County, Colorado, was organized on January 9, 2001, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Service Plan approved by the Town of Parker on July 17, 2000, as modified in 2001 (Modified Service Plan). The District was established to provide for construction and financing of street, safety control, water, sanitation and park and recreation facilities and improvements. The street and safety control improvements were dedicated to and are being maintained by the Town of Parker Water and Sanitation District. Other improvements were dedicated to and are being maintained by the Villages of Parker Master Association, Inc. dba: Canterberry Crossing Master Association (HOA).

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Both statements distinguish between governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements and proprietary funds are reported using the current financial economic resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus</u>, <u>Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Enterprise Fund accounts for the Community Center and pool operations that are financed and operated in a manner where the intent of the District is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for service provided. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

Infrastructure

Community Center and Pool	25 Years
Pool and Park Structures	25 Years
Electronic Equipment	10 Years
Computers	5 Years

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amortization

Original Issue Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

<u>Equity</u>

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance (Continued)

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash	\$ 133,851
Cash - Restricted	 962,158
Total Cash	\$ 1,096,009

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 230,413
Investments	 865,596
Total Cash	\$ 1,096,009

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$230,958 and a carrying balance of \$230,413.

<u>Investments</u>

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted-Average	
	Under 60 Days	\$ 865,596

<u>CSAFE</u>

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operates similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE CASH FUND may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CSAFE (Continued)

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2021	Additions	Retirements	Balance at December 31, 2022		
Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:						
HOA Furniture and Fixtures Total Capital Assets, Not	\$ 6,532	\$-	\$-	\$ 6,532		
Being Depreciated	6,532	-	-	6,532		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:						
Community Center and Pool	1,368,072	-	-	1,368,072		
HOA Equipment	63,801	-	-	63,801		
Total Capital Assets,						
Being Depreciated	1,431,873	-	-	1,431,873		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Community Center and Pool	(979,396)	(54,723)	-	(1,034,119)		
HOA Equipment	(47,362)	(4,053)		(51,415)		
Total Accumulated						
Depreciation	(1,026,758)	(58,776)		(1,085,534)		
Business-Type Activities						
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 411,647	\$ (58,776)	\$	\$ 352,871		

All improvements, other than the Community Center and pool, have been dedicated to the Town of Parker, Parker Water and Sanitation District, and/or the HOA. When the property is dedicated, the District removes the cost of construction from capital assets. The District anticipates costs, if any, associated with the warranty will be insignificant.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

On January 1, 2004, Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District (CCMD), a separate and distinct quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, transferred the Community Center and pool to the District for ownership. The Community Center and pool are maintained and managed by the HOA. The District will retain ownership and depreciate the Community Center and pool until they are later dedicated to the HOA.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance cember 31, 2021	Additions	ns Deletions			De	Balance cember 31, 2022	Due Within One Year		
Refunding Tax Free 2018 Bonds Bond Premium	\$ 8,210,000 624,902	\$ -	#	\$	315,000 66,728	\$	7,895,000 558,174	\$	330,000	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 8,834,902	\$ _	= =	\$	381,728	\$	8,453,174	\$	330,000	

Series 2018 Bonds

On October 10, 2018, the District issued \$9,255,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2018. Bonds in the amount of \$7,085,000 bear interest at 5.00% per annum and mature on December 1, 2034. Bonds in the amount of \$2,170,000 bear interest at 3.750% and mature on December 1, 2037. The Series 2018 bonds are payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year commencing December 1, 2018. They are subject to optional and mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to maturity. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were used for the purposes of refunding the 2013 Loan and paying costs incidental to the issuance of the Bonds and the refunding of the 2013 Loan.

The Series 2018 Bonds are secured by the District's covenant to impose an ad valorem tax to pay the Series 2018 Bonds, without limitation of rate and in an amount sufficient to pay the Series 2018 Bonds when due.

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2028, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par plus accrued interest to the redemption date (with no redemption premium).

Unused Lines of Credit

The Series 2018 Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit.

<u>Collateral</u>

No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Series 2018 Bonds.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Events of Default

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Indenture, and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Indenture.

Termination Events

The Series 2018 Bonds do not have a termination provision. In the event that there are amounts outstanding after the maturity date, the District must levy the Required Mill Levy until all principal and accrued interest is paid on the bonds.

Acceleration

The Series 2018 Bonds are not subject to acceleration.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal				Principal		 Interest		Total
2023	\$	330,000	\$ 367,625		\$ 697,625				
2024		360,000	351,125		711,125				
2025		375,000	333,125		708,125				
2026		410,000	314,375		724,375				
2027		430,000	293,875		723,875				
2028-2032		2,555,000	1,122,625		3,677,625				
2033-2037		3,435,000	 424,125	_	3,859,125				
Total	\$	7,895,000	\$ 3,206,875	_	\$ 11,101,875				

Authorized Debt

On November 7, 2000, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$26,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 12% per annum. At December 31, 2022, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

		Amount Authorized										
	N	on lovember 7, 2000	Series 2002 and 2005 Bonds		2008 Loan		2013 Loan		Series 2018 Bonds		Authorized But Unissued	
Streets and Safety												
Protection	\$	7,047,000	\$	7,014,075	\$	32,925	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Parks and Recreation		1,553,000		1,418,850		134,150		-		-		-
Water Supply		1,445,000		1,205,780		239,220		-		-		-
Sanitary Sewer and												
Storm Drainage		2,955,000		1,711,295		1,243,705		-		-		-
Debt Refunding		13,000,000		-		195,000		-		9,255,000		3,550,000
Total	\$	26,000,000	\$	11,350,000	\$	1,845,000	\$	-	\$	9,255,000	\$	3,550,000

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt (Continued)

According to the Modified Service Plan, the District is limited to issuing \$13,000,000 in debt (except for bonds issued for refunding purposes). The Modified Service Plan limits the District's debt service mill levy to 35 mills, provided, however, such mill levy may be adjusted for changes in the methodology for determining valuation of taxable property, for so long as the ratio of the District's debt to assessed valuation exceeds 50% reduced by the number of mills necessary to pay unlimited mill levy general obligation debt, if any, and any amount necessary to pay operation and maintenance expenses. The debt service mill levy imposed by the District in 2021 for collection in 2022 was 30.000 mills.

In the future, the District may issue a portion of all of the remaining authorized, but unissued general obligation debt for the purpose of providing public improvements, to support development as it occurs within the District's service area; however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any debt issuance is not determinable.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2022, the District had a net investment in capital assets of \$352,871.

Restricted assets include net position that is restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserve	\$ 2,700
Debt Service	862,600
Capital Projects	5,773
Conservation Trust	69,836
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 940,909

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS

Management Agreement

On May 21, 2002, the District entered into an Agreement with CCMD and the HOA, whereby the HOA will manage and maintain the operation of the Community Center and pool owned by the District and CCMD (Management Agreement). The Management Agreement was amended on May 15, 2007, to clarify certain administrative functions and responsibilities of the HOA. The District imposes a fee on all users of the Community Center and the pool pursuant to a Resolution adopted on October 15, 2002, as amended. On October 26, 2020, the District adopted a Resolution adopting the Recreation Center Fees and approving the Recreation Center Budget for the 2021 calendar and fiscal year. This resolution replaces all of the prior resolutions regarding Recreation Center Fees. This fee is charged to the residents via the monthly fees that they pay to the HOA. Upon the repayment of the general obligation debt, including any refundings thereof, the District will convey the Community Center and pool over to the HOA.

Intergovernmental Agreement with Parker Properties Metropolitan District No. 1

On November 15, 2011, the District entered into an intergovernmental agreement with Parker Properties Metropolitan District No. 1 (Parker Properties) where they agreed to transfer certain monies available after their dissolution to the District for use in funding the operation and maintenance or capital improvements to the Recreation Center.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability and workers' compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Enterprises, defined as government-owned businesses authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The District's management believes a significant portion of its operations qualifies for this exclusion.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 7, 2000, the District voters passed an election question to increase property taxes \$500,000 annually, without limitation of rate, to pay the District's operations, maintenance and other expenses. Additionally, the District's electors authorized the District to collect, retain and spend all revenue, other than ad valorem taxes, without regard to any limitation under TABOR.

During this election, the voters of the District also authorized the issuance of \$26,000,000 in debt, of which \$13,000,000 is for debt refunding. Additionally, the voters authorized all revenue used to pay such debt to be collected and spent without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	a	Driginal nd Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$	816,135	\$	816,136	\$	1	
Specific Ownership Taxes		65,291		72,171		6,880	
Interest Income		250		19,020		18,770	
Total Revenues		881,676		907,327		25,651	
EXPENDITURES							
Paying Agent Fees		5,000		3,500		1,500	
County Treasurer's Fees		12,242		12,249		(7)	
Bond Interest - Series 2018		383,375		383,375		-	
Bond Principal - Series 2018		315,000		315,000		-	
Contingency		4,383		-		4,383	
Total Expenditures		720,000		714,124		5,876	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		161,676		193,203		31,527	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		700,473		700,032		(441)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	862,149	\$	893,235	\$	31,086	

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Actual Budget Amount				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES	•	~~~~~	•		•	(4.050)		
Conservation Trust Entitlement	\$	20,000	\$	15,750	\$	(4,250)		
Total Revenues		20,000		15,750		(4,250)		
EXPENDITURES Conservation Trust Project Total Expenditures		80,294 80,294		-		80,294 80,294		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(60,294)		15,750		76,044		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		60,294		59,859		(435)		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	75,609	\$	75,609		

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Budget Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	A	mounts	(N	egative)
REVENUES			•		•		•	
HOA Fees	\$	192,500	\$	192,500	\$	192,991	\$	491
Other Fee Income		-		-		10		10
Total Revenues		192,500		192,500		193,001		501
EXPENDITURES								
Chemicals		13,000		23,000		22,801		199
Electricity		10,000		10,000		7,859		2,141
Gas		6,000		9,250		9,229		21
Kitchen Supplies		650		650		-		650
License and Permits		100		100		-		100
Management Contract		91,750		97,000		98,450		(1,450)
Miscellaneous		1,000		1,000		186		814
Office Supplies		800		800		-		800
Payroll		33,000		33,000		45,398		(12,398)
Pool Enhancements		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Pool Equipment		-		4,000		3,943		57
Pool Security		9,600		9,600		1,102		8,498
Pool Tags		2,000		2,000		-		2,000
Repairs and Maintenance		12,000		12,000		11,078		922
Storm Water		1,400		1,400		1,184		216
Telephone		2,200		2,200		2,224		(24)
Water		8,000		8,000		8,883		(883)
Total Expenditures		192,500		215,000		212,337		2,663
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES - BUDGET BASIS	\$		\$	(22,500)		(19,336)	\$	3,164
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE BUDGET BASIS TO GAAP BASIS								
Depreciation Expense						(58,776)		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS						(78,112)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year						443,700		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					\$	365,588		

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

9,255,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2018 Dated October 10, 2018 Principal Due Annually December 1 Interest at 3.75% to 5.00% Payable June 1 and December 1

	June 1 and December 1								
<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>		Principal		Interest		Total			
0000	<u>^</u>		•	007 005	•	007.005			
2023	\$	330,000	\$	367,625	\$	697,625			
2024		360,000		351,125		711,125			
2025		375,000		333,125		708,125			
2026		410,000		314,375		724,375			
2027		430,000		293,875		723,875			
2028		450,000		272,375		722,375			
2029		475,000		249,875		724,875			
2030		510,000		226,125		736,125			
2031		540,000		200,625		740,625			
2032		580,000		173,625		753,625			
2033		610,000		144,625		754,625			
2034		655,000		114,125		769,125			
2035		685,000		81,375		766,375			
2036		730,000		55,688		785,688			
2037		755,000		28,312		783,312			
	\$	7,895,000	\$	3,206,875	\$	11,101,875			

CANTERBERRY CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT II FIVE YEAR SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Year Ended	٧	Assessed /aluation for Current Year		T Prope	es	Percent Collected							
December 31,	Pro	perty Tax Levy	General	Debt Service		Levied		Levied		Levied Collect		Collected	to Levied
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	24,118,780 24,119,470 26,129,400 26,218,000 27,204,510	3.000 3.000 3.000 3.000 3.000	35.500 35.500 30.000 30.000 30.000	\$	928,573 928,601 862,270 865,194 897,749	\$	928,574 928,601 862,271 865,195 897,750	100.00% 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00				
Estimated for Calendar Year Ending December 31, 2023	\$	26,515,600	3.000	30.000	\$	875,015							

Note:

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years.